1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
2	x
3	UNITED STATES of AMERICA,
4	-against- 20cr125 Plea
5	
6	JOHN CICERO,
7	Defendant.
8	x
9	United States Courthouse
10	White Plains, New York
11	October 13, 2021
12	
13	Before:
14	THE HONORABLE ANDREW E. KRAUSE,
15	United States Magistrate Judge
16	
17	
18	APPEARANCES:
19	
20	DAMIAN WILLIAMS United States Attorney for
21	the Southern District of New York BY: DAVID R. FELTON
22	Assistant United States Attorney
23	MURPHY & McGONIGLE P.C.
24	Attorneys for Defendant BY: STEVEN D. FELDMAN
25	
	PAMELA GRIMALDI, CRR, CLR

914.390.4053

1	THE DEPUTY CLERK: This is the matter of U.S. v.
2	Cicero, 20cr125, the Honorable Andrew Krause presiding.
3	Counsel, please note your appearance for the record
4	starting with the government.
5	MR. FELTON: Good afternoon, your Honor. David
6	Felton for the government. With me is Detective Daniel
7	McKenna, formerly of the FBI and now Westchester County DA's
8	office.
9	THE COURT: Good afternoon, Mr. Felton.
10	Good afternoon, Mr. McKenna.
11	MR. FELDMAN: Hello, Judge Krause. Steven Feldman
12	from Murphy & McGonigle, CJA panel on behalf of Mr. Cicero.
13	And I'm joined by Mr. Cicero today.
14	THE COURT: Good afternoon, Mr. Feldman.
15	Good afternoon, Mr. Cicero.
16	THE DEFENDANT: Good afternoon, your Honor.
17	THE COURT: Please be seated.
18	And just make sure to put your mask up, would you,
19	please.
20	And good afternoon, Ms. Grimaldi. How are you?
21	THE COURT REPORTER: Good.
22	THE COURT: Ms. Brown, can I just have the marked-up
23	copy of the plea agreement that's next to you?
24	Okay. Mr. Cicero, I wanted to advise you that
25	today's proceeding is not a trial. It is my understanding that

you have decided to enter a guilty plea in this proceeding.

This proceeding is for the purposes of ensuring that you are aware of your rights in connection with your plea and that any waiver of those rights is knowing and voluntary prior to entering your guilty plea.

If at any time you don't hear or understand what I say to you, please interrupt me so that I can repeat and explain what I've said. If you want to confer with your attorney at any time during the proceeding today, including regarding any particular question that I've asked or any particular thing that I have mentioned, please let me know so we can make arrangements for you to do that.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Very good.

I want to advise you that you do have the right to be represented by counsel throughout the entire case, and you may consult with Mr. Feldman at any stage of this proceeding. You also have the right to remain silent. Any statement that you do make may be used against you. You have this right to remain silent even if you have already made statements to law enforcement officers.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Ms. Brown, will you please place

1	Mr. Cicero under oath or affirmation.
2	JOHN CICERO, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
3	THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Brown.
4	Mr. Cicero, it is important for you to understand
5	that if you knowingly make a false statement during these
6	proceedings, you could be subject to prosecution for the crime
7	of perjury or for making a false statement to the Court, and
8	you could face a punishment up to five years' imprisonment and
9	a \$250,000 fine for committing that crime. That punishment
10	would be separate and apart from any sentence that you may be
11	facing on the crime charged in the felony indictment that we
12	are here on today.
13	Do you understand that?
14	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Mr. Cicero, would you please state your
16	full name for the record.
17	THE DEFENDANT: John William Cicero.
18	THE COURT: How old are you, Mr. Cicero?
19	THE DEFENDANT: 39 years old.
20	THE COURT: Are you a United States citizen?
21	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
22	THE COURT: And are you a citizen by birth or a
23	naturalized citizen?
24	THE DEFENDANT: By birth.
25	THE COURT: Are you a citizen of any other country

1	other than the United States?
2	THE DEFENDANT: No.
3	THE COURT: How far did you go in formal school?
4	THE DEFENDANT: Three years.
5	THE COURT: Three years
6	THE DEFENDANT: Of college.
7	THE COURT: Three years of college.
8	Have you taken any mind-altering drugs, medicine, or
9	pills, or consumed any alcohol in the last 24 hours?
10	THE DEFENDANT: No.
11	THE COURT: Is your mind clear here today,
12	Mr. Cicero? Do you understand what's happening here at this
13	proceeding?
14	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Mr. Felton, does the government have any
16	objection or concern with Mr. Cicero's ability to proceed at
17	this time?
18	MR. FELTON: No, your Honor.
19	THE COURT: Thank you.
20	And Mr. Feldman, do you have any concern or objection
21	with respect to your client's ability to proceed?
22	MR. FELDMAN: No, your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Mr. Cicero, this proceeding is called a
24	plea allocution. I want you to understand that you have an
25	absolute right to have this plea allocution conducted before a

United States District Judge. It is the district judge, in this case Judge Karas, who will impose a sentence in this case.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: I am a United States Magistrate Judge.

If you consent, then I will conduct the plea allocution and I will then make a report to Judge Karas in which I will recommend whether or not he should accept your guilty plea. I will make that recommendation based on the information that is brought out during today's proceedings. It is important for you to understand that the Court will not accept your plea unless the Court is satisfied that you fully understand all of your rights and that you are, in fact, guilty.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. I have before me a form that is labeled Consent to Proceed Before a United States Magistrate Judge on a Felony Plea Allocution. The form is dated today, October 13, 2021. It is signed by Mr. Feldman and by you, Mr. Cicero. What the form says, in sum and substance, is that you — understanding that you have the right to have this plea taken by a United States District Judge, that you agree to have the plea taken by me, a United States Magistrate Judge, instead.

First of all, Mr. Feldman, did you, in fact, sign

1	this form earlier today?
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
3	THE COURT: And Mr. Cicero, did you sign it as well?
4	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Mr. Feldman, you signed it too?
6	MR. FELDMAN: I did, your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Mr. Cicero answered for both you and
8	Mr. Feldman. But that's fine.
9	Mr. Cicero, before you signed the form, did you have
10	an opportunity to discuss the contents of the form with
11	Mr. Feldman?
12	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did, your Honor.
13	THE COURT: All right. And did anyone threaten or
14	coerce you or promise you anything in order to get you to sign
15	the consent form?
16	THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.
17	THE COURT: Did you sign the form freely and
18	voluntarily?
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Mr. Felton, do you know of any reason why
21	the waiver and consent to proceed with the plea allocution
22	before a United States Magistrate Judge should not be accepted?
23	MR. FELTON: I do not, your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Thank you.
25	And Mr. Feldman, do you know of any reason why the

1 waiver and consent form should not be accepted? 2 MR. FELDMAN: I do not, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Thank you. 4 I find that Mr. Cicero is fully competent and 5 understands the proceedings before him. I also find that 6 Mr. Cicero is capable of waiving his right to appear before a 7 United States District Judge in order to enter his guilty plea, 8 and I therefore accept the consent form which has been signed 9 and is now part of the record. The consent form is marked as a 10 court exhibit and will remain in the file. (Court Exhibit 1 was marked) 11 THE COURT: Mr. Cicero, I have been informed that you 12 13 wish to change your plea and to enter a plea of guilty as to 14 certain charges. Is that correct? 15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Before deciding whether to accept your 17 guilty plea, I am going to ask you a series of questions. 18 very important that you answer these questions honestly and 19 completely. The purpose of these questions is to make sure you 20 understand your rights, to decide whether you are pleading 21 quilty of your own free will, and to make sure that you're 22 pleading guilty because you are, in fact, guilty and not for some other reason. 23 24 Do you understand that? 25 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

	THE COURT: Mr. Cicero, if do you not understand any
	of the questions or you wanted any time to discuss them with
	Mr. Feldman, please say so, because it is important that you
	understand every question before you answer them. Okay?
	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
	THE COURT: Now, I have before me an indictment which
	charges you and others with participation in a narcotics
	conspiracy in violation of Title 21 United States Code § 846.
	Mr. Cicero, have you received a copy of the indictment?
	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
	THE COURT: And have you had an opportunity to read
	it?
	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
	THE COURT: Do you understand what it says?
	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
	THE COURT: Would you like me to read the indictment
	to you here in open court?
	THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.
	THE COURT: Have you had time, Mr. Cicero, to speak
	with Mr. Feldman about the charges and about how you wish to
	plead?
	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
	THE COURT: Have you discussed the charges against
	you and has he told you the consequences of pleading guilty?
	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
- 11	

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

THE COURT: Mr. Cicero, are you satisfied with Mr. Feldman's representation of you up until this point? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: And have you told Mr. Feldman everything you know about this case? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Now, I have before me a plea agreement which is dated September 21, 2001. It is a seven-page document signed by Mr. Felton, as well as by Jason Swergold, the deputy chief of the White Plains division of the United States attorney's office. It is also signed by Mr. Feldman and by you, Mr. Cicero, with today's date, October 13, 2021. Mr. Felton, is this the correct copy of the plea agreement? MR. FELTON: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: And Mr. Feldman, do you concur? MR. FELDMAN: I do, your Honor. THE COURT: Very good. Mr. Cicero, have you had an opportunity All right. to read the entire plea agreement which is dated September 21, 2021? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Have you reviewed each and every element of the plea agreement with your attorney? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

1 THE COURT: And did you, in fact, sign the plea 2 agreement earlier today? 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did, your Honor. 4 THE COURT: Mr. Feldman, did you review each and 5 every part of the plea agreement with Mr. Cicero? 6 THE DEFENDANT: I did, your Honor. 7 THE COURT: And Mr. Cicero, are you satisfied that 8 you understand the entire plea agreement which Mr. Feldman has 9 reviewed with you? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: 11 Do you have any questions at this point 12 either for Mr. Feldman or for me about what the plea agreement says? 13 14 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. 15 THE COURT: Does the plea agreement contain the 16 complete agreement between you and the government in connection 17 with this case? 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Cicero, that 20 anything that is not set forth in the plea agreement or which 21 is not told to me at this time on the record will not be 22 binding on the outcome of your case? 23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Mr. Felton, is there anything beyond the 25 written plea agreement that the Court should be aware of?

1 MR. FELTON: No, your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Mr. Feldman, is there any other agreement 3 that the Court should know about? 4 MR. FELDMAN: No, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Thank you, both. 6 Mr. Cicero, did you sign the plea agreement freely 7 and voluntarily? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Did anyone force you or coerce you or 10 threaten you or promise you anything other than what is set 11 forth in the written plea agreement in order to get you to sign 12 the plea agreement? 13 No, your Honor. THE DEFENDANT: 14 THE COURT: At various points in the next few minutes 15 I'll be reading from portions of the plea agreement just so we 16 can review them in a bit more detail. 17 Mr. Cicero, if you are convicted of the charge 18 contained in the felony indictment, either after trial or by plea of quilty, you would be subject to -- let me put it this 19 20 The charge itself, the narcotics conspiracy charge, 21 carries with it -- let me withdraw that for a second. 22 Just to be clear, as set forth in the first paragraph 23 of the plea agreement, the plea here today is to a lesser 24 included offense within the confines of the indictment. 25 Is that correct, Mr. Felton?

MR. FELTON: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: So I'm going to refer to the potential term of imprisonment based on the lesser included offense at this point, unless anybody has any objection to that.

Mr. Felton?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. FELTON: No, your Honor. That's fine.

THE COURT: Mr. Feldman?

MR. FELDMAN: No, your Honor, no objection.

THE COURT: So Mr. Cicero, under the terms of the plea agreement, the government is accepting a guilty plea to the lesser included offense of conspiring to distribute 50 grams and more of mixtures and substances containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers in violation of Title 21 U.S. Code § 846 and 841(b)(1)(B), and that offense carries a maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years, a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years, a maximum term of supervised release of life, a mandatory minimum term of supervised release of four years, a maximum fine pursuant to Title 18 U.S. Code § 3571 and Title 21 U.S. Code § 841(b)(1)(B) of the greatest of \$5 million, twice the gross pecuniary gain derived from the offense, or twice the gross pecuniary loss to persons other than yourself resulting from the offense, as well as a \$100 mandatory special assessment.

Mr. Cicero, if you are sentenced to a term of

imprisonment, even if you are also sentenced to the maximum term of imprisonment, if you are then sentenced to a term of supervised release, if you violate the conditions of supervised release, you could be sentenced to an additional term of imprisonment for violating the conditions of your supervised release, which in this case would be an additional term of up to three years.

In addition, as set forth on page 2 of the plea agreement, you have -- as part of the plea agreement you are admitting the forfeiture allegation with respect to Count One of the indictment, and you are agreeing to forfeit to the United States, pursuant to Title 21 U.S. Code § 853, any and all property constituting or derived from any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly or intended to be used in any manner or part to commit or facilitate the commission of the offense charged in the indictment, including but not limited to a sum of money in United States currency representing the amount of proceeds traceable to the commission of the offense set forth in the indictment.

It is further your understanding that any forfeiture of assets will not be treated as satisfaction of any fine, restitution, or any other punishment the Court may impose upon you in addition to the forfeiture.

Mr. Felton, is there any particular specification with respect to potential restitution in this matter?

MR. FELTON: Your Honor, there is no restitution in this case and the amount of forfeiture has not been determined yet, but it will align with the conditions set forth in the plea agreement that your Honor just read.

THE COURT: Very good. Thank you, Mr. Felton.

Mr. Cicero, do you understand that these are the possible sentences that could be imposed following your guilty plea in this case?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that you are pleading guilty to a felony offense and that this adjudication may deprive you certain valuable civil rights which may include the right to vote, the right to hold public office, the right to serve on a jury, the right to possess any type of firearm, including rifles and shotguns, the right to be considered for certain types of employment, or to be bonded, or to serve in the United States military, and the right to possess or obtain certain government-issued licenses, including licenses that may be required in certain professions and occupations?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: I will further advise you that many of the civil rights I just described, including the right to vote, are controlled by state law, so the specific consequences of a felony conviction will vary from state to state.

One effect of a plea of guilty to a narcotics-related

offense such as this one is that you may be ineligible for certain federal and federally funded benefits that you would otherwise have been eligible for, including but not limited to Social Security, food stamp benefits, education loans or grants, and public housing or housing subsidies.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you understand that this consequence

THE COURT: Do you understand that this consequence may be for a limited period of time or it may be a permanent barrier to your obtaining these benefits, depending on the crime of conviction and your prior criminal record?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Cicero, do you understand that these are the possible legal consequences of a guilty plea?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Cicero, that the United States Sentencing Commission has issued guidelines for judges to follow in determining the appropriate sentence in a criminal case?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you also understanding that the sentencing guidelines are not mandatory, but that they must be considered by the Court along with other factors listed at Title 18 U.S. Code § 3553 when the judge determines the appropriate sentence to impose, including possible departures

from the guidelines?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Have you and Mr. Feldman talked about how the sentencing guidelines will be calculated in your case?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: The plea agreement in this case sets forth a stipulated sentencing range of 168 to 210 months and a stipulated fine range of between \$40,000 and \$5 million. Do you understand that this is simply an understanding between you and Mr. Feldman and Mr. Felton and that it is not binding on Judge Karas when he imposes sentence in this case?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you understand that Judge Karas will consider the guidelines but will impose a sentence in accordance with the statute, which in this case means that the prison term will not be more than 40 years and will not be less than five years?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that the Court will not be able to determine the appropriate sentence until after the presentence report has been prepared and until you and Mr. Feldman, as well as the government, have had an opportunity to challenge the facts reported in the presentence report and the calculation of the sentencing guideline range and any sentence recommendation in that report?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that if there are any objections to the presentence report, that those objections will be ruled on by the Court and, if necessary, a hearing will be held to determine what information is relevant to the Court's determination of the sentence?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. As part of the plea agreement, Mr. Cicero, you have agreed to waive certain appellate rights, and I want to make sure that you understand that specifically, and I'll go through those with you here.

Do you have a copy of the plea agreement in front of you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. I'm going to look at the bottom of page 4, in particular, to review these appellate waivers with you.

Specifically, you have agreed, as part of the plea agreement, that you will not file a direct appeal or bring a collateral challenge, including but not limited to any application under Title 28 U.S. Code § 2255 or 2241 of any sentence within or below the stipulated guidelines range of 168 to 210 months in prison.

Turning to the top of page 5, you further have agreed not to appeal or bring a collateral challenge of any term of

supervised release that is less than or equal to the statutory maximum, and you have agreed not to appeal or bring a collateral challenge of any fine that is less than or equal to \$5 million. You have also agreed not to appeal or bring a collateral challenge of any special assessment that is less than or equal to \$100.

That said, the plea agreement specifies that none of these waivers shall be construed to be a waiver of whatever rights you may have to assert claims of ineffective assistance of counsel.

In addition to the plea agreement, you have agreed to waive any and all right to withdraw your plea or to attack your conviction, either on direct appeal or collaterally, on the ground that the government has failed to produce any discovery material, Jencks Act material, exculpatory material pursuant to Brady v. Maryland other than information establishing your factual innocence, or impeachment material pursuant to Giglio v. United States that has not already been produced as of the date this agreement was signed, which was today, October 13, 2021.

Do you understand that, Mr. Cicero?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Cicero, do you understand that if you disagree with the Court's sentencing decision, that that will not give you the basis for withdrawing your guilty plea?

1 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Do you also understand that parole has 3 been abolished in the federal system, and if you are sentenced 4 to a term of imprisonment, you will not be eligible for early 5 release on parole? 6 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Do you understand that you do not have to 8 plead quilty? You have an absolute right to continue in your 9 plea of not guilty and to have your matter go to trial either 10 before a judge or a jury? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Do you understand that if you continue in 13 your plea of not guilty, you are entitled to have a speedy and 14 public trial of your case? 15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Do you understand that at any trial of 17 this matter, if there were to be a trial, you would be entitled 18 to a presumption of innocence, and that the presumption would remain with you until the government proves each and every 19 20 element of the crimes charged beyond a reasonable doubt to the 21 satisfaction of a judge, if it is a judge trial, or to the 22 unanimous satisfaction of the jury, if it is a jury trial? 23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: If there were a trial, Mr. Cicero, you would have the right, with the assistance of your attorney, to

24

25

confront and cross-examine the witnesses against you. You would have the right to call witnesses to testify for you and to have subpoenas issued to compel witnesses to give testimony. You would also have the right to testify at your trial, but you could not be forced to testify. If you decided not to testify, your decision to remain silent could not be held against you in any way.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: At your trial, if there were a trial, you would also have the right to the assistance of an attorney and to have an attorney appointed to represent you if you could not afford counsel.

Do you understand, Mr. Cicero, that if you plead guilty to the charge in the felony indictment, that you would give up your right to a trial, and except for the right to counsel, you would also give up all the other rights which I have explained to you here?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Cicero, have you clearly heard and understood everything I've said to you here today?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you have any questions for me or for Mr. Feldman about anything I've said or about anything I've asked you?

THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Cicero.

Mr. Felton, turning to you, what are the elements of the offense here and what is the government prepared to prove at trial in order to establish those elements?

MR. FELTON: Yes, your Honor.

The elements are, first, two or more persons agreed to violate the federal drug laws; second, the defendant knowingly and voluntarily entered into the conspiracy; and third, the objective of the conspiracy was to distribute 50 grams and more of mixtures and substances containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers, and mixtures and substances containing a detectable amount of GBL. The government would also need to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that venue was appropriate in the Southern District of New York. Here, narcotics transactions were carried out by the defendant in Manhattan and Bronxville, and acts in furtherance of the conspiracy occurred in Bronxville and Manhattan, including narcotics transactions, narcotics storage, and calls arranging narcotics transactions.

If this case were to proceed to trial, the government would expect to present the following evidence, among other things: Recorded New York State prison calls in which the defendant and codefendant Irma Materasso arranged GBL and methamphetamine transactions, including Cicero supplying

codefendant Marco Caso with GBL and receiving methamphetamines from Caso. Government would also expect to introduce line sheets and recordings made pursuant to judicially authorized wiretaps of Caso's phone where the defendant discussed narcotics trafficking with Caso, including pricing, payment, drug sales, and arranging meetings in hotel rooms. For instance, on February 5, 2020 the defendant called Caso. Cicero told Caso to order \$10,000 worth of product for him and he will settle the bill with one call. Caso told Cicero he will get it for him, no problem.

The government would further expect to introduce

January 30, 2020 FBI physical surveillance of an in-person

methamphetamine transaction between the defendant and Caso in a

white van as arranged by Materasso, Cicero, and Caso over the

Caso wiretaps. That day before the meeting, over an

intercepted call, Caso told Cicero, I am locked and loaded.

The government would also expect to introduce an audio-video recording of a December 3, 2019 controlled buy of a cooperating witness from Caso where, during the transaction, Caso and the cooperating witness discussed Cicero as a source of GBL. Caso said, I think he just got a shipment, but I ordered some -- I ordered a lot from him. Caso explained that the defendant is a large-scale GBL supplier who buys GBL in \$5,000 to \$10,000 quantities at a time through the mail.

The government also would expect to introduce U.S.

customs and border protection seizure reports relating to seized GBL from China sent to the attention of John Cicero of Bronxville, New York. The government also would expect to introduce an extraction of the defendant's cell phone containing images of and communications regarding narcotics and payment for narcotics with numerous Western Union receipts from the defendant to China and Mexico, including direct communication with the Mexico-based source of methamphetamine saved in the defendant's phone as Maria Mexico.

The government also would expect to introduce the following items recovered from searches of premises controlled by Cicero as part of his arrest: GBL, methamphetamine, and a drug scale were recovered from Cicero's hotel room; GBL was recovered from Cicero's storage unit in Manhattan; and GBL, three drug scales with residue, and drug packaging were recovered from his parents' residence, and drug ledgers reflecting the trafficking of large quantities of narcotics for thousands of dollars.

The government would further expect to present phone records indicating that Mr. John Cicero is listed as the subscriber for a telephone number the defendant used to broker narcotics transactions with Caso over the Caso wiretap. The government would also expect to present seized narcotics and audio-video footage from nine audio-video recorded controlled purchases of methamphetamine, and two audio-video recorded

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

purchases of GBL, all from codefendant Caso. Over the course of these purchases, Caso sold approximately 2,000 grams of methamphetamine and approximately 3.5 liters of GBL to a cooperating witness.

The government would further expect to present recorded calls and communications arranging the controlled purchases, lab reports and related expert testimony, law enforcement and cooperating witness testimony, surveillance by law enforcement including photographs of coconspirators engaging in narcotics transactions, prison calls of coconspirators arranging narcotics transactions, Western Union subpoena returns, and toll records and phone location information, all of which would establish beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant conspired with others to distribute at least 50 grams and more of mixtures and substances containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomer, and mixtures and substances containing a detectable amount of GBL from in or about 2017 up to and including February 2020 in, among other places, Bronxville and Manhattan.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Felton.

I just want to clarify one thing. You referred throughout that recitation to both the sale and distribution of methamphetamine and the sale and distribution of GBL, which is perfectly consistent with what I asked you because I asked you

about the elements of the offense charged in the indictment and what the government would be prepared to prove at trial if the plea for whatever reason did not go forward. So you did exactly what I asked you to do.

But just to be clear, because Mr. Cicero is pleading guilty here to the lesser included offense that really, as set forth in the plea agreement, only pertains to methamphetamine. It's my understanding that in terms of an allocution, we're only expecting to hear from Mr. Cicero with respect to the methamphetamine component of the charge. Unless I'm mistaken. I just want to understand that before I turn to Mr. Cicero.

MR. FELTON: Your Honor, because -- the way the government understands the first paragraph of the plea agreement is that because the GBL object of the conspiracy was always a (b)(1)(C) count, that is part of the plea that is -- that is -- in the lesser included offense. That is to say that while it is a (b)(1)(B) methamphetamine count, it is also a (b)(1)(C) GBL count.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Feldman, do you have any objection to that or different understanding of it?

MR. FELDMAN: I do, your Honor. Mr. Cicero is prepared to make an allocution about a conspiracy to distribute 50 grams and more of a mixture and substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Felton, that is what it says

here. I mean, it says, The government will accept a guilty plea to the lesser included offense of conspiring to distribute 50 grams and more of mixtures and substances containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers, in violation of U.S. Code 846 and 841(b)(1)(B), and then it goes on to recite the penalties associated with that.

I mean, I understand in theory that the GBL charge is an 841(b)(1)(C) charge, but what the plea agreement says on its face is that the offense for which Mr. Cicero is pleading guilty is an 846 (b)(1)(B) charge pertaining to methamphetamine.

MR. FELTON: Yes. Your Honor, that's understood. And perhaps the drafting could have been clearer on the government's part. The government would point out that under the offense level on page 2(a)(3), the drug weight, which drives the guidelines, are driven, you know, in large part by the GBL quantity weight, as well, here. So paragraph (a)(3) notes that the defendant is stipulating to that the offense involved 750,000 milliliters of GBL, and that accounts for the Level 34 drug weight as well. And also in the immunity paragraph on page 1, the government notes that the conspiracy relates -- is a conspiracy to distribute methamphetamine and GBL on the bottom of page 1.

So for those reasons, the government believes that

the GBL is encompassed in the defendant's guilty plea. And he's stipulating to a drug weight that is based, in part, on the weight of GBL traffic as well.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Felton.

Mr. Feldman, there are various references in the plea agreement, other than the section that I've just read -- as Mr. Felton points out, there are various references to GBL and to the quantity of GBL being a substantial factor in the quidelines calculation.

MR. FELDMAN: Yes, your Honor. We're stipulating to the guidelines calculation. We're not disputing that that's not relevant conduct or anything like that. So that's -- certainly the GBL is relevant conduct for purposes of Mr. Cicero's sentencing, and we're not going to dispute that, I do not believe. That's what we're pleading to in signing this plea agreement. So those numbers all attach. But in terms of what he needs to plead to today and what we've prepared an allocution for, and he's prepared an allocution for, as you read the plea agreement, 50 grams and more of a mixture and substance of methamphetamine.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, let me ask you this: I mean, there's obviously some dispute or disagreement as to what the scope of the allocution should be, and it would be helpful if there could be an agreement as to what the scope of the allocution should be. But if there isn't, we can go forward

based on what my understanding is. It's just it would be unfortunate if we get to a point several months from now when Mr. Cicero is to be sentenced before Judge Karas and this turns out to be a problem. So I'm going to just take a five-minute recess and allow you, Mr. Felton, and you, Mr. Feldman, to discuss this further and see if you have a meeting of the minds on this issue. If not, we can proceed in whichever way I think is appropriate. But I want to give you an opportunity to talk about it to see if there can be an agreed-upon resolution, only because I think that will make things more straightforward when this gets presented to Judge Karas for sentencing.

But, again, if you're not able to resolve it, then we'll go forward anyway. It's just that we may find ourselves with a problem down the line.

So I'm going to just adjourn for five minutes. I'm going to step off the bench, you can stay here and discuss, and come back very shortly.

(A recess was taken.)

THE COURT: Okay. Let's go back on the record.

Mr. Felton, have you reached an agreement as to what the allocution should include?

MR. FELTON: Yes, your Honor. The government understands from the defendant that he will allocute to both objects, which would be (b)(1)(B) methamphetamine as well as (b)(1)(C) GBL.

1 THE COURT: Okay. 2 Mr. Feldman, do you concur with that? 3 MR. FELDMAN: Yeah. The plea agreement, your Honor, 4 is staying exactly the same. We're not modifying or changing 5 But for purposes of his allocution, Mr. Cicero is going to 6 mention that he was also involved with distributing GBL. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Well, let's proceed. Thank you 8 both. 9 Mr. Cicero, did you hear everything that Mr. Felton 10 described in his recitation of the elements of the offenses and 11 what the government would be prepared to prove at trial? 12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 13 THE COURT: And at this time, how do you wish to 14 plead to the charge of the lesser included offense of 15 conspiring to distribute 50 grams and more of mixtures and 16 substances containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, 17 its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers, in violation of 18 Title 21 U.S. Code § 846 and 841(b)(1)(B)? 19 THE DEFENDANT: Guilty. 20 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Cicero, has anyone threatened 21 you or coerced you or pressured you improperly in order to get 22 you to plead guilty to this charge? 23 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Has anyone made any promises to you other 25 than what is set forth in the plea agreement in order to induce

1 you to plead guilty? 2 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Has anyone made any specific promises to 4 you about what the sentence of the Court will be? 5 No, your Honor. THE DEFENDANT: 6 THE COURT: Mr. Cicero, please tell me in your own 7 words what you did to commit the crimes. 8 THE DEFENDANT: From in or about 2017 through in or 9 about February of 2020, I agreed with others to distribute GBL 10 and more than 50 grams of mixtures and substances containing 11 detectable amounts of methamphetamine. I participated in the 12 conspiracy by allowing my contact information to be used to 13 send a Western Union payment to a supplier in Mexico to 14 purchase methamphetamine, by communicating with the supplier in 15 Mexico, and by renting hotel rooms where we held parties and 16 where crystal meth was distributed. I was involved in this 17 activity in Westchester County and Manhattan. At the time I 18 knew that what I was doing was wrong. I sincerely apologize 19 for my criminal conduct. 20 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Cicero. 21 You mentioned that you engaged in this activity with 22 So that was -- it was more than just you who -- was at 23 least one other person involved? 24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 25 THE COURT: And did you enter into that agreement

1 with this one or more additional people knowingly and 2 voluntarily? 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 4 THE COURT: Okay. Across the board with respect to 5 the conduct that you just described, did you commit these acts 6 knowingly and willfully? 7 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 8 THE COURT: And did you know it was against the law 9 to do what you were doing? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Felton, is there anything else that the 12 13 government believes the Court needs to elicit from Mr. Cicero 14 before making the recommendation contemplated by Rule 11? 15 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Thank you. 17 Mr. Feldman, do you believe there is anything else 18 the Court needs to elicit before I can make a Rule 11 recommendation? 19 20 MR. FELDMAN: No, your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Thank you. 22 All right. Mr. Felton, do you know of any reason why 23 the Court should not recommend acceptance of Mr. Cicero's 24 guilty plea in this matter? 25 MR. FELTON: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: And Mr. Feldman, do you know of any reason why the Court should not recommend acceptance of Mr. Cicero's guilty plea?

MR. FELDMAN: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Cicero, in light of everything that's been said here today, is it still your wish to plead guilty to the charge of the lesser included offense contained in the felony indictment?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: On the basis of your allocution,

Mr. Cicero, and your responses to my questions, I find that you are fully competent and capable of entering an informed plea.

I'm satisfied that you understand your rights, including your right to go to trial, that you are aware of the consequences of your plea, and that includes the sentence that may be imposed.

Based on this plea allocution, I find that

Mr. Cicero's plea is knowing and voluntary and is supported by
an independent factual basis for each and every element of the
crime charged. Accordingly, I respectfully report and
recommend to Judge Karas that the plea be accepted and that

Mr. Cicero be judged guilty of the offense, the lesser included
offense, charged in the felony indictment.

I also direct that a presentence investigation be conducted by the United States Department of Probation and that a presentence report be prepared. Within 14 days from today,

so no later than October 27, 2021, Mr. Feldman, please contact the Department of Probation to arrange for a presentence interview.

Mr. Cicero, once that interview is scheduled with a representative of the Department of Probation, you will have this interview. And I'm sure that Mr. Feldman will assist you

this interview. And I'm sure that Mr. Feldman will assist you in connection with that interview if you wish. You must be fully honest and truthful during that interview, because if it comes to the Court's attention that you have provided false, incomplete, or misleading information, that may be held against you at the time of sentencing.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Felton, the prosecution case summary for purposes of the presentence report is to be delivered to the probation department no later than October 27.

MR. FELTON: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: And Ms. Grimaldi, if you'd please provide a transcript of these proceedings within 30 days setting forth my report and recommendation to Judge Karas. And per our standard practice in the courthouse, please send the transcript to me first for review.

Ms. Brown, do we have a sentencing date from Judge Karas yet?

THE DEPUTY CLERK: We do. It's February 10, 2022 at

1	10:00 a.m.
2	THE COURT: All right. This matter is adjourned for
3	sentencing. The sentencing date is February 10, 2022 at 10:00
4	a.m. If counsel have any issues with that date, please contact
5	Judge Karas's chambers to discuss that schedule.
6	Is there anything further that we should address
7	today from the government's perspective?
8	MR. FELTON: No, your Honor. Thank you.
9	THE COURT: And anything further from the defendant's
10	perspective?
11	MR. FELDMAN: No, your Honor. Thank you.
12	THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Counsel.
13	Thank you, everyone.
14	Thank you, Mr. Cicero.
15	THE DEFENDANT: Thank you, your Honor.
16	THE COURT: We are adjourned. Take care. Stay safe
17	and stay healthy, everybody.
18	
19	
20	CERTIFICATE: I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript, to the best of my skill and ability, from
21	my stenographic notes of this proceeding.
22	gundana6
23	Pamela L. Grimaldi, RPR, CRR, CLR Official Court Reporter, USDC, SDNY
24	official coult Reporter, USDC, SDN1
25	